International Non-Government Organizations

Multinational efforts to protect and preserve the environment

INGOs explained

- INGOs tend to focus on specialized areas of conservation or as singleissue causes
 - Ex. Save the Rainforest, or Australia Wildfire Relief fund
- Relatively independent
 - Operate outside governmental framework but has to work with governments for permitting and operations
- Self-Funded, primarily through donations or membership
 - Have to remain transparent in how they spend money
 - Good example WWF 81% goes to Program Expenses
 - Bad example NFL's Breast Cancer Awareness only 8.01% goes to cancer research

Case Study: World Association of Zoos and Aquariums

- Conglomeration of over 400 Zoos and Aquariums around the world
- Works to connect initiatives of zoos with researchers, wildlife experts, and universities
- Supports animal conservation efforts, animal husbandry efforts, coral-reef restoration
 - Works to minimize wildlife trade, marine litter, palm oil related forest degradation, and climate change



Case Study: Omaha's Henry Doorly Zoo

- Member of WAZA and AZA
- Works in close proximity with State and National Governments, Other zoos, International organizations, universities, research centers,



Case Study: Bringing Elephants to OHDZ

- Zoos work with multiple organizations and foreign governments for conservation efforts
 - National Geographic U.S. Says Yes to Importing 18 Elephants from Swaziland

- Governmental and NGO actions can have an influence on other organizations
 - National Geographic <u>African Elephants can now only rarely be taken from</u> the wild and sent to faraway zoos