Growth Problems of Urban Development
Overpopulation

• High concentrations lead to shortages of basic needs like water, electricity, sanitation housing, etc...
Traffic

- Cities can soon outgrow infrastructure leading to massive traffic problems
Air Pollution

• High usage of power and transportations release more pollution particles into the air
Air Quality Index

### Air Quality Guide for Particle Pollution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Score Range</th>
<th>Advice</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Good</td>
<td>0-50</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>51-100</td>
<td>Unusually sensitive people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy exertion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups</td>
<td>101-150</td>
<td>People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unhealthy</td>
<td>151 to 200</td>
<td>People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion. Everyone else should reduce prolonged or heavy exertion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Unhealthy Alert</td>
<td>201 to 300</td>
<td>People with heart or lung disease, older adults, and children should avoid all physical activity outdoors. Everyone else should avoid prolonged or heavy exertion.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Light Pollution

• High concentrations of light lead to excessive and obtrusive light
Noise Pollution

- Increased activity in traffic, people, construction leading to increased noise levels
Slums

- Many recent migrants to the city are forced to live in unplanned and improvised living conditions
Unemployment

• With a limited threshold of employment, competition for jobs is heavier leading to higher levels of unemployment
Stress

• Fast paced city life and increased competition lead to higher levels of stress
Crime

• Forced to find alternate modes of survival many unemployed and underemployed turn to crime
Solutions to Urban Growth Problems
City Limits

• Limit the size of cities by setting boundaries and controlling population size.
Zoning

- Put a stop to using agricultural lands for non-agricultural purposes such as housing by restricting and regulating land usage.
Rural Development

• Developing recreation, education, health care and social service facilities to make rural life more comfortable
Rural Infrastructure Development

- Develop basic infrastructure in the rural areas – eg. roads, water and electricity.
Rural Business Development

- Attract businesses to rural areas away from urban centers