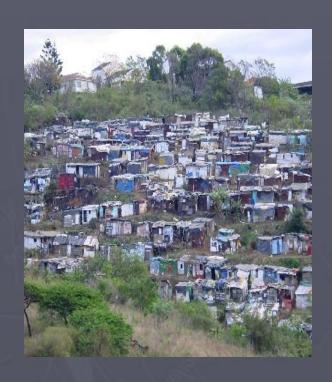
## Urbanization







Its Benefits and Hindrances

#### What is Urbanization?

- Urbanization is referred to as the migration of people in large numbers from rural to urban areas.
- Urbanization occurs mainly because of the concentration of resources and facilities in

towns and cities.



#### What is Urbanization?

• The world's cities are growing because people are moving from rural areas in search of jobs, opportunities to improve their lives and create a better future for their children.

## Attractions to Urban Areas

#### **Urban Pull Factors**

- The availability of jobs
- Proper infrastructure roads, water, electricity etc.
- Availability of social services health, education, recreation, postal services and police stations.
- A wide variety of entertainment and night life facilities

#### Rural Push Factors

- Scarcity of jobs except in agriculture, and most people consider agricultural occupations to be low-paying, laborious, risky and menial.
- Lack of infrastructure such as poor roads, irregular water and electricity supplies.
- Poor facilities in education, health and security
- Lack of entertainment and recreational facilities.

Pressure on resources and social services

-eg. water, transport, health and

education.



More Unemployment



 Increased crime rate, especially since the typical migrant may be young, unskilled or inexperienced.



 Development of slums (ghettos) due to inadequate housing. This will add to the problem of pollution.



Traffic congestion



Noise Pollution



High Levels of Stress



Air Pollution

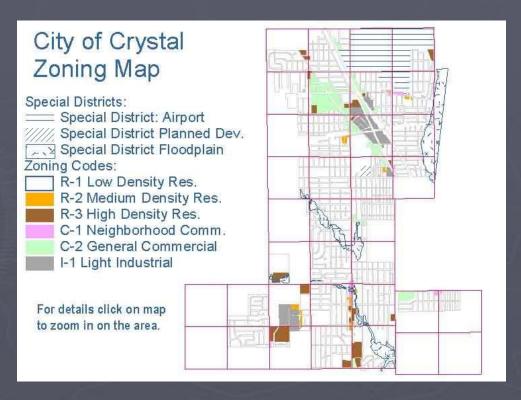


# Solving the Problems of Urbanization

 Limit the size of cities by setting boundaries and controlling population size.



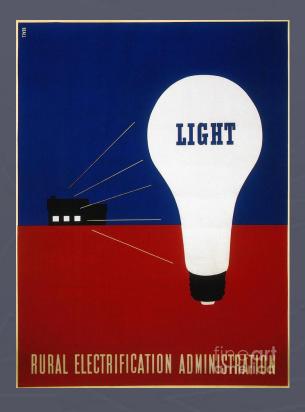
 Put a stop to using agricultural lands for nonagricultural purposes such as housing.



 Develop the rural areas by providing recreation, education, health care and other social services.



- Develop basic infrastructure in the rural areas
  - –eg. roads, water and electricity.



 Create jobs in rural areas by building more factories to employ more people.

