## Basic Map References

## Latitude and Longitude, Time Zones, Continents and Oceans, Hemispheres and Regions

## Cardinal Directions

- The major directions North, South, East, West



## Latitude and Longitude

- The imaginary reference lines that run from North to South (Longitude) and East to West (Latitude) across the Earth.



## Measuring Longitude

- Longitude lines (also called meridians) connect the North Pole and the South Pole, but are measures East and West.
- From $0^{\circ}$ to $180^{\circ}$ East and $180^{\circ}$ West
- $0^{\circ}$ Longitude is Prime Meridian or Greenwich Line
- Roughly $180^{\circ}$ is International Date Line


## Measuring Latitude

- Lines of Latitude (or Parallels) run horizontally around the earth but are measured North and South
- Each degree of Latitude is about 69miles ( 111 km ) measuring away from $0^{\circ}$ Latitude (The Equator)


## Major Latitude References

- The Equator is $0^{\circ}$ Latitude
- The North Pole is at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$, while the South Pole is at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$
- The Tropic of Cancer is $23.5^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$, and the Tropic of Capricorn is $23.5^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$
- Arctic Circle is $66.33^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$, and Antarctic Circle is $66.33^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$


## Lines of Latitude and Longitude



## Coordinates

- Latitude and Longitude are written as a set of coordinates
- Longitude is measured around the globe and is broken into $380^{\circ}$
- Latitude reached from the Equator to the Poles and is broken into $180^{\circ}$
- Coordinates are divided into degrees, minutes, seconds, and sub-seconds
- Example Eiffel Tower is at $48^{\circ} 51^{\prime} 28.63^{\prime \prime}$ North, $2^{\circ} 17$ '39.64"East


## Time Zones

- It takes the Earth 24 hours to do one full rotation, meaning it goes about spins $15^{\circ}$ longitude every hour
- There are 24 Standard Time Zones, and 16 other time zones
- Example: China has its own Time Zone for the entire country


## Time Zones



## Continents



- Sub-divisions of the Earth's surface into 7 different geographic areas


## Oceans



- The five very large bodies of water that cover most of the Earth's surface


## Hemispheres



- Splitting the world into quarters using the Equator and Prime Meridian as dividing lines


## The Tropics



- Area located in between the Tropic of Cancer (North) and Tropic of Capricorn (South)


## The Polar Regions



- The Area located above and below the Artic and Antarctic Circles

