Empires of Africa

Central Sudanic States

Kanem-Bornu

- Kanem organized first millennium C.E.
 - o Long lasting empire
- Organized mid-15th Century
 - o Replaced Kanem
 - Created by separatists from Kanem
 - Kanuri ethnic group ruling class
- Centralized Government
- Organized descent system
- Islamic
- Trouble with neighbors
 - Competitor of Hausa for trade
 - Resisted Fulani advancements
- Existed in form till mid-19th century

Hausa

- 1000-1500 C.E.
- Made up of seven major city-states
 - Kano and Katsina
 - Autonomous
 - Dependent of Trans-Saharan Trade
 - o United by common language and culture
- Primarily agriculturist
- Converted to Islam in mid-15th Century
- Heavily influenced by Fulani migrants
- Formed model of Islamic culture for west Africa
 - o Patrilineal family structure
 - o Bilateral descent
 - Secondary social role for women

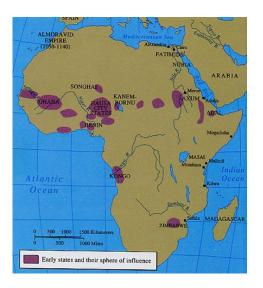
Fulani

- Migrated to area mid-14th Century
- Nomadic herdsmen
 - o Cattle
- Settled Hausa lands 17th-18th century
- 1804 declared Jihad against Hausa
 - Overthrew Hausa ruling class
- British later ruled Nigeria through the Fulani elites
- Impacts
 - Dominated Nigeria area during colonial era
 - o One of the largest ethnic groups

Forest States of West Africa

Ashanti

- Rose around 1680 C.E.
- Expanded 1700-1750 C.E.
 - At the expense of smaller weaker neighbors
- Government
 - Central government
 - Worked with tribal chiefs



- Asantehene
 - King
 - Had full power
 - Consulted chiefs and people

- Society
 - Large gold deposits
 - Matrilineal
 - Rich language and culture
 - Oral literature and music
 - Used Arabic for official purposes but were not Muslims
- Involved in Slave Trade with Britain
 - o Shut down in 1807
- Declared a British crown colony in 1901
 - Now Ghana

Yoruba

- Consisted of 50 or so city-states
 - Now western Nigeria
 - o Common language, belief system, and creation myth
 - Oyo was main city
 - Destroyed by Fulani 1820-1830 C.E.
 - Ibidan replaced as cultural center
- Government
 - Each city ruled by an Oba
 - Hereditary
 - Ceremonial
 - Chiefs
 - Day to day decisions
 - Not hereditary
 - Lots of wars between city-states
 - Captives sold into slavery to Americas

Benin

- Mid-14th Century
- Edo speakers
- Modern day mid-west Nigeria
- Early contact with Europeans
 - o 1485 C.E. first contact
 - Portuguese
 - o 17th Century
 - French, Dutch, Portuguese, and English
 - Conquered by British in 1897
- Militarily strong
 - o 16th Century expanded westward
 - Benin City
 - Earth walls and dry moats
 - Over 100 miles
- Government
 - o Oba ruler
 - Religious and administrative leader
 - o Uzama
 - Seven Hereditary nobles

